

SLAIN BY AN ITALIAN

New York Policeman Meets Death in Chase.

BROTHER OFFICER IS WOUNDED

Both Were in Pursuit When Fired Upon—Slayer Finally Overpowered and Put Under Arrest—Trouble Arose Over One Man Jostling Another in Entering Station.

New York, April 14.—One policeman was killed and another seriously wounded as the result of an Italian run in Washington Square Park last afternoon. An Italian, the apparently innocent cause of the trouble, was also badly wounded.

The row started when Charles Vincenico, nineteen years old, entered a public comfort station and jostled against John Gornovino, who was standing near the entrance of the place with his brother, Salvatore.

When Vincenico came out, Salvatore drew a revolver and opened fire on him and his friends. One shot struck Vincenico in the groin. The shooter then ran, followed by several policemen. He ran into a hall. Two policemen followed, and he fired point blank at both. One of them died shortly after.

The other was seriously wounded. Salvatore was overpowered and arrested.

WOMAN ENDS HER LIFE.

Illness and Separation from Husband Prompt Death of Mrs. Norris.

Cleveland, April 14.—Miss Daisy Campbell Norris, thirty-one years old, of Denver, Colo., committed suicide this morning by shooting herself at the home of her brother, Myron A. Campbell, in Berea, a village near Cleveland. She was the wife of William Norris, a prominent lawyer of Denver, and formerly lived at Berea.

Her step-father, Dr. Aaron Schuyler, is a member of the faculty of Kansas Wesleyan University, in Salina, Kans. He formerly was president of Baldwin University. Illness prompted her to take her life.

It is said that she and her husband had separated, and this caused her much worry.

LAW!

Editor The Washington Herald:

The American came down like a wolf on the fold. And his cohorts were gleaming in purple and gold. And the sheen of his spears was like stars on the sea. Where the waves were left nightly on deep Gullies.

Like leaves of the forest when summer is green That host with his banners at sunset were seen: Like leaves of the forest when autumn has blown That host on the morrow lay withered and brown.

For the Angel of Death passed by in his night. And he turned his back on the world as he passed.

(The Death Angel had been drinking liberty through Milwaukee beer.)

And there lay the steed with his nostril all wide, But through it rolled no breath of his pride. And there lay the rider, his helmet and mail.

Lord Byron was one of the best poets. His "Childe Harold" is more interesting in its fearless exposition of war's infamy and idleness than any modern rehash. He meant what he said and he knew how to say it. Goethe, who was constantly teaching, in his own way, the folly and the mischief of war. With his proud reserve, he gave no moral dissertation against it, but he moved out of its way, lived in a realm above and beyond it, and held his literature aloof from its blare.

It does not seem to me that peace people who are not like anything to do with this Englishman, Mr. Stead, who is over here teaching a "cut-throat" gospel. He says he "believes war should be abolished, not that one ought never to cut a brother's throat." Peace people do believe war should be abolished, and also that we should never cut a brother's throat.

The whole land once was blabbing about how to resume specie payment, when some one said: "The way to resume specie payment is to resume." Back upon his haunches went Balaam's ass, and the gods of action resumed.

Stead says: "No one is to be allowed at the New York meeting to talk disarmament—only reduction of arms." At least so he is quoted, and the company he keeps vouches for his words. This is supposed to be a land of free speech, and if a peace meeting suppresses the mountain torrent with a commercial dam for Carnegie and Gould, &c., it is no peace meeting at all. Voting in Beecher's church is the same as voting in the House of Representatives. No soul is saved where none exists. A man who leaves all he has behind him at death, takes nothing with him. That's the end of him.

Free love, free divorce, free whiskey, are a trinity running to the race. The "universe has walls which must be respected." Even a skunk-cabbage endogen leading men by the nose through Thaw trials and Pittsburgh corruption, which Carnegie gifts have not saved, will be found true to the law of its own being. I believe in a creed, and that creed loyalty to perfect law.

MARRION CHURCHILL DUDLEY.

"Truthful James" Is Dead.

Sopora, Cal., April 14.—James Gillet, at one time Bret Harte's mining partner, and the original of that author's "Truthful James," died at his home here yesterday.

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CANDIDATES WILLING TO PAY.

Rhode Island Legislators to Continue Sessions After This Week.

Providence, R. I., April 14.—It is probable that the Senatorial struggle will be prolonged indefinitely through plans which are under way for the assembly to adjourn on Friday for a recess of a week and then reconvene.

In spite of the fact that the present session ends Wednesday, and that beyond that date the legislators cannot receive pay from the State, there promises to be many days beyond the sixty before the session is adjourned sine die.

Though the State cannot, according to the provisions of the constitution, spend over \$300 for each legislator, no one believes that the members of the assembly will put in several weeks, or even one week, without pay. In other words, the money will be forthcoming, and the Senatorial struggle will not be allowed to go by default by either party.

WEALTHY MEN INDICTED.

Twenty-four Accused of Violating Lottery Laws at Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., April 14.—The United States grand jury has returned indictments against twenty-four people on charges of conspiring to violate the lottery laws. The indictments include some of the wealthiest people in the county.

Joseph L. Shaw, one of those indicted, is the owner of the largest of the lottery laws, residing at 1219 Lamont street northwest, in this city. Members of his family stated last night that Mr. Shaw is out of the city at present, but is expected to return shortly.

VATICAN AND ITALY AT PEACE

Antagonism of Last Two Generations Gradually Disappearing.

Recent Events in France Draw Quirinal and Holy See Closer Together on Several Matters.

Rome, April 14.—The attitude of the Holy See toward Italy is gradually undergoing a significant change. While no single act of the Vatican so far can be construed as a renunciation of the lost temporal power of the church, several recent events show that the old antagonism between the Vatican and the Quirinal is wearing away, and the intransigent policy is practically at an end.

The change is attributed to various causes. Plus X is known to have the spiritual more than the temporal powers of the church at heart, while Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary of state, is not an opponent of the political union of Italy.

Recent events in France have drawn the Vatican nearer to Italy and time has helped to modify active resistance into something like passive resignation. Italy has practically succeeded France in the protection of religious communities and missions in the East to such an extent, indeed, that the Italian Ambassador at Constantinople and the Apostolic Delegate both attended the laying of the foundation stone of the Capuchin church. The former, in the course of a speech, alluded to the cross of Christianity and the latter to the cross of Islam being side by side on the new buildings.

An envoy from the Emperor of China is shortly expected at the Vatican to request the Pope to establish direct diplomatic relations with the Chinese Republic. The latter agreed to accord protection to all Catholic missionaries in China, but the Vatican has indirectly received assurances of Italy's support in case France should show an inclination to maintain the privileges of the Holy See.

Even the domestic politics of the Vatican have shown signs of quiet reconciliation by the withdrawal of the veto which under Pope Leo XIII prevented Catholics from presenting candidates for the Roman prefecture. The treaty of Tientsin of 1858 between China and France, where the latter agreed to accord protection to all Catholic missionaries in China, but the Vatican has indirectly received assurances of Italy's support in case France should show an inclination to maintain the privileges of the Holy See.

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JUROR DENIES RUMOR

Jerome Also Declares Charges of Influence False.

NO COMMUNICATIONS SENT

George Pfaff, Who Served in Thaw Case, Is Brother-in-law of Officer of Garden Company and a Friend of Stanford White—Evelyn Thaw Not Permitted to Visit Husband.

New York, April 14.—Rumors of all sorts flew thick to-day in connection with the case of Harry Thaw. A newspaper had printed a startling charge against George Pfaff, the one juror who had held out from the first for conviction of murder in the first degree, to the effect that during the trial Pfaff had sent letters and other communications to District Attorney Jerome.

Mr. Pfaff said to-day that he had not even read the story containing charges against him, and didn't propose to do so. The juror did not deny the allegation that he had sent letters to District Attorney Jerome. He referred his questions to Mr. Jerome.

The district attorney was reached by telephone at Lakeview, Conn., and made the following statement: "As far as I know, there is not a single statement in the entire story that is true. The story concerning Juror Pfaff having communicated with me is absolutely false and without even a shadow of foundation."

The accusation against Mr. Pfaff had District Attorney Jerome living in the same house with Mr. Pfaff at one time. One statement made was correct. That was to the effect that James C. Young, secretary of the Madison Square Garden Company, was a brother-in-law of Mr. Pfaff. The story intimated that Mr. Young was a personal friend and business associate of Stanford White, and that owing to this friendship Juror Pfaff might have been prejudiced.

Relative Knew Stanford White.

"Yes, it is true that I am the secretary and the treasurer of the Garden Company," said Mr. Young. "I did know Stanford White, but I never discussed the shooting at any time with my brother-in-law, George Pfaff."

Juror Pfaff, at his home, said that he had not seen Mr. Young for some time previous to Christmas.

Asked as to what effect such charges, if proven true, might have in the matter of having some justice of the Supreme Court admit Thaw to bail awaiting his next trial, Lawyers O'Reilly and Peabody, of Thaw's counsel, refused to discuss the matter. They had nothing to say regarding what plans they had made or what their next move would be.

Juror Steele, who held out for the acquittal of Thaw from the very first, said that he had not heard any charges made that Mr. Pfaff had sent letters to the district attorney, and Mr. Steele at the same time expressed himself as being still very bitter toward Mr. Pfaff for the "constant" lying he had told about him.

Denial Admission to Tombs.

Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw drove to the Tombs to-day in her automobile, but she was greatly disappointed when informed that she could not see her husband. Sunday is not a visiting day, but for some weeks during the trial she had been permitted to visit her husband through the special permission obtained from Commissioner of Correction Cogey.

When the young woman appeared at the Tombs to-day she was told by Warden Flynn that the suspension of the rules granted in her favor by Commissioner Cogey was meant to be effective only during the time of the trial.

Mrs. Thaw seemed unusually cheerful. She was told that she was to be released from the Tombs, and she seemed to be in good luck. She had not seen her husband for some time, and she was very glad to hear that she was to be released.

Without waiting for her husband to see her, she penned a short note and sent it up to her husband, together with four or five other letters that she took from her husband. She had to wait for half an hour before a reply came down from her husband.

The young woman seemed greatly cheered up. She laughed and chatted with Deputy Warden Hanley.

The reply that Thaw sent to his wife was on four pages and closely penned. After reading it, Mrs. Thaw pointed a second note to her husband and soon received a brief reply. This second note from her husband caused her to remark: "Everything is fine, but all right."

Asked as to who had been retained as counsel for her husband, Mrs. Thaw put her finger to her lips and then said: "I have been told that it is even more important now than ever to be careful. I must not talk."

With that the young woman made for her automobile and started for the Loraine.

Mrs. Daniel E. Hungerford Dead.

New York, April 14.—Announcement has been made of the sudden death at Rome to-day of Mrs. Daniel E. Hungerford, mother of Mrs. John W. Mackay and grandmother of Clarence H. Mackay. Mrs. Hungerford was the widow of Maj. Hungerford, a New Yorker, who served in the Mexican war and the civil war, and who was settled and married in New Orleans.

Syracuse Football Schedule.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 14.—Syracuse University football dates are announced as follows: September 25, Hobart at Syracuse; September 28, Rochester at Syracuse; October 5, Yale at New Haven; October 12, Indians at Buffalo; October 19, Williams at Syracuse; October 26, Hamilton at Syracuse; November 2, Bucknell at Syracuse; November 9, Niagara at Syracuse; November 16, Lafayette at Syracuse; November 23, Army at West Point.

Western Maryland Is Victor.

Frederick, Md., April 14.—The baseball season opened at the Maryland School for the Deaf and Dumb, in Frederick, yesterday, with a game between the school team and the Western Maryland College team, of Westminster, Md. In spite of the cold weather, a large crowd was present. The visitors won by better all-around playing, the score being 8 to 1.

Parry to Coach South Dakota.

Chicago, April 14.—Ed Parry, one of the best athletes ever developed at the University of Chicago, has become a coach. He accepted terms yesterday for the position of track handler at the University of South Dakota, at Vermillion, and will leave to-day to take immediate charge.

Always the Same.

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JAMES H. ECKELS DIES

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

turned to Illinois and began the practice of his profession at Ottawa.

He met President Cleveland in 1884 and made so good an impression that when he asked to be made United States district attorney for Northern Illinois the President appointed him Comptroller of Currency. He served as Comptroller from 1885 to 1887.

Mr. Eckels made many speeches on the currency question, and became prominent as a public advocate, and in 1896 he became affiliated with the National Democrats. In 1903 he was mentioned as a possibility for Democratic nomination for President in 1904.

After his term as Comptroller of the Currency, Mr. Eckels became president of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, which position he held at the time of his death.

SHOCKS WASHINGTON FRIENDS.

Death of Eckels Causes Regrets Here Where He Was Well Known.

The announcement of Mr. Eckels' death was received with great regret by his many friends in Washington, both in official and social circles. His years of residence here gave him a great number of acquaintances, all of whom remember him with respect and admiration. In the Treasury Department, where much of his life's work was done, his colleagues and those under him have only words of the highest praise for him.

Comptroller Ridgely, who was his life-long friend and who has for many years been an intimate with him as an associate in the country, was most affected when he heard of Mr. Eckels' death. They had been chums in boyhood, when both were at school in Albany, N. Y., Mr. Eckels at the Albany Law School and Mr. Ridgely at the Van Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and it was there that the foundation for their friendship was laid. Being asked to give some expression on the death of his friend, Mr. Ridgely said:

"It would be superfluous for me to say that I am deeply affected by the news. He was one of the noblest, strongest, most admirable characters I have ever known, and although forceful and determined, I do not expect to meet a better man. Both my family and myself have for a long time cherished a genuine affection for him, and his daughter Phoebe and my daughter are at present at school together in Paris."

He was appointed to the Treasury under Cleveland mainly through Daniel Lamont, who was a great admirer of his. After serving the government for several years with marked success, he took the presidency of the Commercial National Bank in Chicago, where his efforts have been fruitful, profitable, and appreciated. As Comptroller of the Currency he has left a remarkable record.

Mr. Eckels' modesty and honesty can have no better illustration than the story which has been often repeated as to his feeling of uneasiness when the position of Comptroller was offered to him. Cleveland called him to the White House, and after the usual preliminary conversation told him that he had slated him for the Treasury position. Mr. Eckels refused at first, saying that he knew but little of finance, and was ill-qualified in the technical knowledge necessary for such a responsibility. The President did not accept this answer as final, however, and Mr. Eckels considered the matter for a few days. At the end of this time his answer was reversed, but only after a score of friends had argued with him and persuaded him of his capability. Even after the convictions of his advisers were borne out, he was slow.

PLEASED THAT CREW IS GOING.

Naval Officers at Annapolis and Mid-dies Hear Good News.

Annapolis, Md., April 14.—It was with much pleasure and gratification that naval officers at duty here and midshipmen read the dispatch from Washington to-day's papers to the effect that Secretary of the Navy Metcalf had signed his intention of permitting the midshipmen to enter a crew in the annual Poughkeepsie regatta, June 26.

No one at the Academy has received any official information along this line, but Secretary Metcalf's approval of the plan is heartily welcomed by the superintendent of the Academy, Mr. Metcalf, who will shortly take the matter up and present a request for official approval. The situation as it stands now, the making of a request at first, saying that he knew but little of finance, and was ill-qualified in the technical knowledge necessary for such a responsibility. The President did not accept this answer as final, however, and Mr. Eckels considered the matter for a few days. At the end of this time his answer was reversed, but only after a score of friends had argued with him and persuaded him of his capability. Even after the convictions of his advisers were borne out, he was slow.

YALE ENTERS HENLEY.

Ellis' Eight-oared Crew Will Row in Schuylkill Regatta.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 14.—Yale University is the latest to enter an eight-oared crew for the American regatta to be held here May 25. The Ellis sent in their notification a few days ago through Julian Curtis, the chief adviser to Yale rowing and a member of the board of stewards of the American Rowing Association. Mr. Curtis did not specify the event in which the crew would compete, but it is presumed that it will be the eight-oared crew, which is to be the feature of the regatta.

The entry of Yale simply adds to the certainty that this will be one of the greatest college races in recent years. Crews will compete from Harvard, Cornell, Pennsylvania, Yale, Georgetown, and possibly Syracuse and Columbia.

GIRL, 13, JUMPS INTO RIVER.

Angered Because Permission to See Sweetheart Is Refused.

Memphis, Tenn., April 14.—Because her parents refused permission to thirteen-year-old Stella Harris, of Yellow Pine, Ala., to see her sweetheart, the girl committed suicide to-day by jumping from a bridge into Dog River.

The child wrote a note, informing her parents that her body would be found in the river, and placing it on the bridge railing, weighted it with a stone plunged in.

Just before she made the leap, Stella called to a man some distance away to get the note.

Embassy in the Mountains.

The British Embassy with this summer is located in the White Mountains, probably at Intervale. The Ambassador and Mrs. Bryce favored the North Shore of Massachusetts, but as it is extremely difficult to find any large cottages or houses in the vicinity which are not fabulously high in rent.

Two Perish in Montana Flood.

Helena, April 14.—Two persons are dead and immense areas are flooded as the result of melting snow in Northern Montana, where the Milk River, from the central part of the State to the eastern border, is one vast expanse of water. Its banks overflowed, and people are fleeing in all directions for safety.

SAVE SIX FROM SEA

Crew of Liner Rescue Sailors of Dismantled Ship.

NO FOOD OR DRINK FOR DAYS

Men from British Bark Trinidad Brought Into Port Exhausted and Almost Crazy with Their Sufferings—Chew Bits of Lead to Keep from Drinking Salt Water.

New York, April 14.—Aboard the Ward Line Segurana, in last evening from Santiago and Nassau, were six seamen of the British bark Trinidad, which sailed from Santa Cruz, Cuba, on March 22 for this port with a cargo of cedar and mahogany.

On April 1 she ran into a hurricane lasting two days. The men were at the pumps all the time, and as the Trinidad had lost her masts and rudder she was unmanageable.

The storeroom and cabin were flooded, and the provisions were ruined, and for five days they had nothing to eat or to drink.

The